## Universal scaling of spin mixing dynamics in a strongly interacting one-dimensional Fermi gas

Giovanni Pecci<sup>\*1</sup>, Patrizia Vignolo<sup>2</sup>, and Anna Minguzzi<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Laboratoire de Physique et Modélisation des Milieux Condensés (LPMMC) – Université Grenoble Alpes, CNRS : UMR5943 – France

<sup>2</sup>Institut de Physique de Nice (INPHYNI) – CNRS : UMR7010 – Site INLN, 1361 route des Lucioles, Sophia Antipolis F-06560 Valbonne, FRANCE, France

<sup>3</sup>Laboratoire de Physique et Modélisation des Milieux Condensés (LPMMC) – Université Grenoble Alpes, CNRS : UMR5493 – France

## Abstract

We study the spin-mixing dynamics of a one-dimensional strongly repulsive Fermi gas under harmonic confinement. By employing a mapping onto an inhomogeneous isotropic Heisenberg model and the symmetries under particle exchange, we follow the dynamics till very long times. Starting from an initial spin-separated state, we observe superdiffusion, spin-dipolar large amplitude oscillations and thermalization. We report a universal scaling of the oscillations with particle number N<sup>1</sup>/4, implying a slow-down of the motion and the decrease of the zero-temperature spin drag coefficient as the particle number grows. We study the spin-mixing dynamics of a one-dimensional strongly repulsive Fermi gas under harmonic confinement. By employing a mapping onto an inhomogeneous isotropic Heisenberg model and the symmetries under particle exchange, we follow the dynamics till very long times. Starting from an initial spin-separated state, we observe superdiffusion, spin-dipolar large amplitude oscillations and thermalization. We report a universal scaling of the oscillations with particle number N<sup>1</sup>/4, implying a slow-down of the motion and the decrease of the zero-temperature spin drag coefficient as the particle number scaling of the oscillations

<sup>\*</sup>Speaker